Fast Diode Current Modulator FM 10-25 Part Number 10100330 Operating Manual





Description

The fast diode current modulator FM 10-25 is a linear modulator with improved properties for driving arbitrary current waveforms into into high voltage laser diodes. Current waveforms can be CW, pulsed, modulated or mixed with frequencies up to 20 MHz and currents up to 20 A.

For achieving maximum performance it is required to mount the modulator as close as possible at the laser diodes and to connect it with low inductance. Conventional wires for connecting are not allowed, this will decrease performance significantly and may lead to an unstable operating.

The modulator is small and compact and it is designed for mounting it with low inductance as close as possible at the laser diodes or for integrating it in laser diode modules. Ask our support for more information and for important hints.

The modulator has two analogue inputs for the current setpoint, a high frequency input (50 Ohm input impedance) with a bandwidth of 20 MHz and a low frequency input with a bandwidth of 100 KHz. Both inputs cover the full current range.

Additionally there is a 10 turns potentiometer for generating a CW-current (bias current).

All set points are added and form the effective current set point.

A set point with a negative sign acts subtracting.

Power dissipation

Dynamic performance of the modulator normally increase with supply voltage, however the electrical power dissipation increase with supply voltage too.

A good compromise is to choose a supply voltage of approx. 2 V ... 5 V above the diode voltage.

Simple formulas for calculating power dissipation:

Us Supply Voltage (V)

Ud Diode Voltage (V)

Idcw Diode Current CW (A)

Idpeak Diode Current peak value (A) (für sinusoidal and rectangle currents)

tp Pulse Duration (s)

f Pulse Frequency (Hz)

PI Power Dissipation (W)

For operating with CW current:

 $P_{I} = (U_{S} - U_{d}) \times I_{dcw}$

For operating with sinusoidal current:

PI = (Us - Ud) x (Idpeak / 2)

For operating with rectangle current:

 $P_I = (U_S - U_d) x I_{dpeak} x t_p x f$

For operating with sinusoidal current plus CW current:

 $PI = (Us - Ud) \times ((Idpeak / 2) + Idcw))$

For operating with rectangle current plus CW current:

PI = (Us - Ud) x (Idpeak x tp x f + Idcw)



Calculating power dissipation with arbitrary current waveforms is rather difficult, therefore a good method for estimating power dissipation is to measure the temperature of the modulator. The modulator has a precise temperature measurement system inside. The SA-TEMP output reflects the actual temperature in the range of 0 °C ... +80 °C. Values of 60 °C (3 V) to 70 °C (3.5 V) are still not critical.

Current Limit

The modulator has a diode current limit mechanism which has a response time of approximately 600 µs. If the maximum allowed current is exceeded for more than 600 µs, the modulator will be switched off and remains in an off state.

The response time of 600 µs allows driving currents which are much higher than the specified CW current. Thus care must be taken to prevent laser diodes from damage.

General Instructions

Never run a negative current set point (effective current set point), this may lead to an overshoot if you alter the negativ current set point to a positive current set point.

If you use a pulse signal generator or a function generator for the current set point, always disconnect it before you change any ranges. Some generators create high voltage or undefined signals if you change ranges, this may damage diodes.

If you are not sure what will happen, we recommend the following procedure for starting up: Disconnect the diode and short-circuit the output of the modulator (connect X6- to X7+ via a short thin metal sheet).

Connect an oscilloscope at the X3 current monitor output, terminate the oscilloscope input with 50 Ohm.

Connect the supply voltage for the diode at X4- and X5+, take a power supply with an adjustable output voltage of approx. 0 V \dots 25 V. Adjust 0 V. Connect the supply voltage (3 V \dots 6 V) for the internal electronics at X4- and X1-8.

Feed in a square wave with a pulse length of approx. 5 µs, a repetition rate of approx. 100 Hz and an amplitude of +500 mV(for 10 A) at X2 (CA-DCSP1).

Turn on the power supply for the internal electronics, the green LED must lit. Turn on the power supply for the diode (0 V).

Enable the modulator.

Adjust the voltage of the power supply for the diode to approx. 2 V ... 3 V and watch the X3 current monitor output.

The X3-signal must be a square wave with a pulse length of 5 µs, a repetition rate of 100 Hz and an amplitude of 50 mV.

If the X3-signal is ok (no overshoot or ringing), disable the modulator and turn off the power

Connect the diode and adjust the supply voltage for the diode to a voltage of 2 V ... 3 V above the diode voltage. Be aware of the maximum allowed power dissipation of the modulator.



Adjustment elements

10 turns potentiometer for a CW current set point (bias current) The potentiomter covers the full current range.

Indicator elements

Green LED for indicating status Ready

Red LED for indicating status Excess Temperature

Connectors

X1, 8-pole single row male connector for control signals, status signals and supply voltage for the internal electronics

X2, female coaxial jack MMCX for current set point 1 X3, female coaxial jack MMCX for actual current (current monitor)

X4-, connection bolt Ø 8 mm with female thread M4 for Supply Voltage Minus

X5+, connection bolt Ø 8 mm with female thread M4 for Supply Voltage Plus

X6-, connection plate with six female thread M1.6 for laser diode cathode

X7+, connection plate with five female thread M1.6 for laser diode anode

X1 Control Port

8-pole single row male connector Manufacturer: ERNI Part number 214014

Mating plug:

8-pole single row female connector Manufacturer: ERNI Part number 224396

CA=Control Data Analog CD=Control Data Digital SA=Status Data Analog SD=Status Data Digital



Inputs		
Pin	Name	Function
1 2 3 4 8	GND CA-DCSP2 CD-ENABLE CD-RESET SVI+	Signal Ground Diode Current Set Point 2 Enable Reset Supply voltage for the internal electronics
Outputs		
Pin	Name	Function
1 5 6 7	GND SA-TEMP SD-READY SD-EXTEMP	Signal Ground Temperature Ready Excess Temperature



X2 Control Port

Female coaxial jack MMCX **CA-DCSP1**

Diode Current Set Point 1



X3 Current Monitor Port

Female coaxial jack MMCX

SA-DCACT

Diode Current Actual



X4-

Connection bolt \varnothing 8 mm with female thread M4 Supply Voltage Minus

X5+

Connection bolt \varnothing 8 mm with female thread M4 Supply Voltage Plus

¥6.

Connection plate with six female thread M1.6 Laser Diode Cathode

X7+

Connection plate with five female thread M1.6 Laser Diode Anode

Signal description

SVI+

Supply voltage for the internal electronics Required supply voltage: 3 V ... 6 V Supply current: 300 mA approx. Plus must be connected at X1-8, Minus at X4-.

CA-DCSP1 (X2)

Control Analog - Diode Current Set Point 1 Analog input 0 ... 500 mV, input impedance 50 Ohm 0 ... 500 mV corresponds to a diode current of 10 A.

CA-DCSP2 (X1-2)

Control Analog - Diode Current Set Point 2 Analog input 0 ... 5 V, input impedance 10 KOhm 0 ... 5 V corresponds to a diode current of 10 A.

Diode Current Set Point 1, Diode Current Set Point 2 and the current value of the bias current potentiometer are added internally and form the effective current set point. A current set point with negative sign acts subtracting.



SA-DCACT (X3)

Status Analog - Diode Current Actual

Analog output 0 ... 100 mV (off-load voltage), output impedance 50 Ohm, reflects the actual diode current.

0 ... 100 mV corresponds to a diode current of 0 ... 10 A.

For maximum performance the coaxial cable should be terminated with 50 Ohm. In this case $0 \dots 50$ mV corresponds to a diode current of $0 \dots 10$ A.

SA-TEMP (X1-5)

Status Analog - Temperature

Analog output 0 ... 4 V, reflects the actual temperature of the modulator.

0 V corresponds to 0 °C, 4 V corresponds to +80 °C.

CD-ENABLE (X1-3)

Control Digital - Enabel

Digital TTL input, High if left open.

A Low-Signal or pulling the input to GND enables diode current.

CD-RESET (X1-4)

Control Digital - Reset

Digital TTL input, High if left open.

A Low-Signal or pulling the input to GND resets the modulator if there was an error (maximum allowed current exceeded or excessive temperature).

SD-READY (X1-6)

Status Digital - Ready

Digital TTL output, High if there are no errors.

SD-EXTEMP (X1-7)

Status Digital - Excess Temperature

Digital TTL output, High if the temperature of the modulator has exceeded 80 °C.

The modulator will be switched off and remains in an off state.

SD-READY signal goes Low, the green Ready-LED goes out and the red

Excess Temperature-LED lits.



Specification

Supply voltage for the internal

electronics 3 ... 6 V Supply current 300 mA

Supply voltage for the diode $1 \dots 25 \text{ V}$ Supply current 10 A max

Diode voltage 0 ... 24 V

Diode current CW 0 ... 10 A

Diode current pulsed 0 ... 20 A (50 % duty cycle)

Frequency bandwidth DC ... 20 MHz (CA-DCSP1)
Frequency bandwidth DC ... 100 KHz (CA-DCSP2)

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Rise time} & 16 \ \mbox{ns} \\ \mbox{Fall time} & 9 \ \mbox{ns} \\ \mbox{Accuracy} & \pm 0.2 \ \% \\ \mbox{Linearity} & \pm 0.2 \ \% \\ \mbox{Temperature stability} & \pm 100 \ \mbox{ppm} \ / \ \ ^{\circ} \mbox{C} \\ \end{array}$

Current Limit 10 A, not adjustable, response time 600 μs

Accuracy of SA-DCACT output ± 2 %

Power dissipation allowed 30 W max required

Operating temperature range $0 \dots +45 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$

Dimensions 95 x 61 x 20 mm

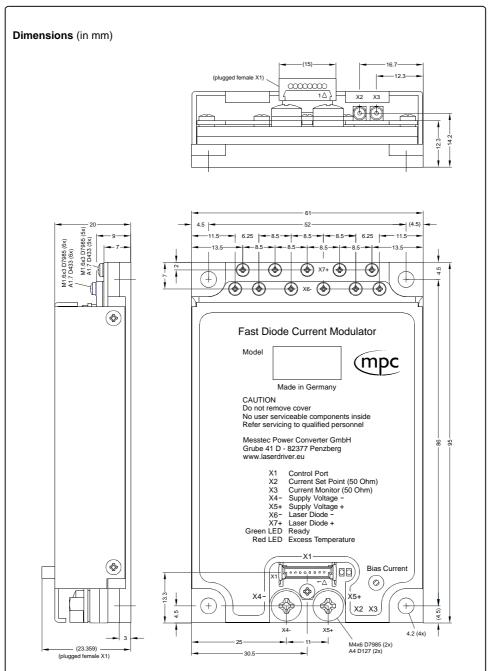
Weight 250 g

Part Number 10100330

Scope of delivery:

Fast Diode Current Modulator
8-pole single row female connector
2 pcs screw M4x6 DIN 7985
11 pcs screw M1.6x3 DIN 7985
11 pcs washer A1.7 DIN 433
Part Number 10100330
Part Number 10701642
Part Number 10701609
Part Number 10705300





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Technical subject to change without notice.